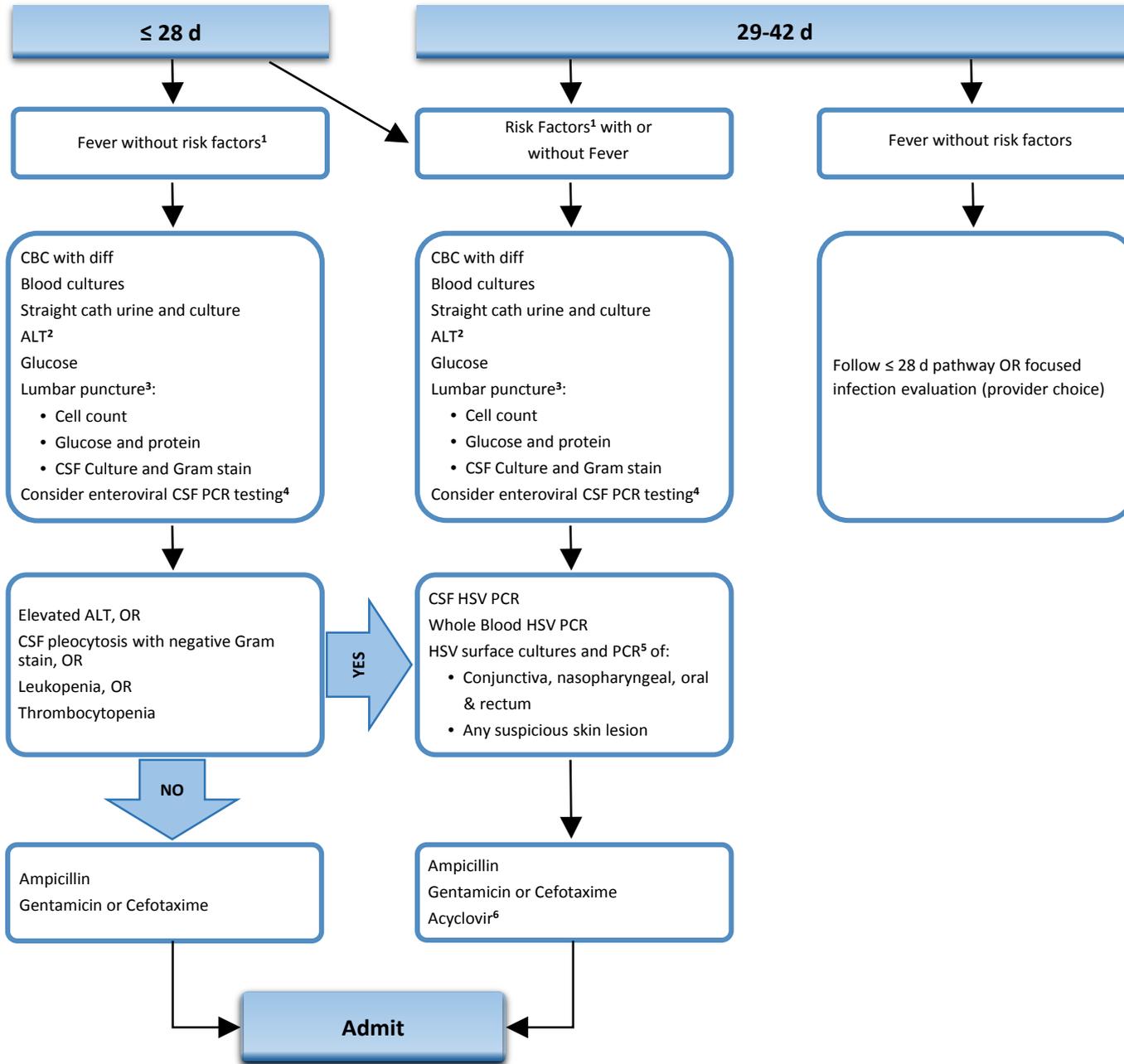


Suggested Care Guidelines for HSV in ≤ 42 Days



¹HSV RISK FACTORS (one or more)

- Hypothermia
- More ill than expected
- Skin vesicles
- Mucus membrane vesicles or ulcers
- Seizures
- Maternal fever from 48 h before to 48 h after delivery
- Maternal genital HSV lesions from 48 h before to 48 h after delivery

²ALT

CMP may replace ALT if additional chemistries are indicated.

³LUMBAR PUNCTURE

If CSF sample inadequate and /or uninterpretable for cell counts and pleocytosis cannot be determined, discuss need for HSV PCR and need for Acyclovir with the ID Consult Service and inpatient team.

Collect 1 ml or 4th tube for viral testing if indicated.

⁴ENTEROVIRAL CSF PCR TESTING

During April through November (enteroviral season)

⁵HSV SURFACE CULTURES/PCR

- One Dacron swab from conjunctiva, nasopharyngeal, oral and rectum for HSV culture and for PCR assay (performed on same swab).
- A second Dacron swab from any suspicious skin lesion for HSV culture and for PCR assay. The lesion should be unroofed, and the base swabbed for virologic testing.

⁶ACYCLOVIR

Start empiric Acyclovir if HSV workup in progress.