Test code 07D

Seventh Visit Posttest

Patient's name:

Patient's birth date:

Your name and relationship to patient:

Today's date:

Please mark only one answer for each of the following questions:

- 1. Which change might be delayed in children with sickle cell disease?
 - A. Teething
 - B. Saying the first word
 - C. Toilet training
 - D. Puberty
- 2. What physical characteristics are common for children with sickle cell disease?
 - A. They are shorter and thinner than their classmates
 - B. They are taller and heavier than their classmates
 - C. They can play longer and harder than their classmates
 - D. They don't have any physical limitations
- 3. Which actions would show that your child understands his or her sickle cell disease as it relates to playing organized team sports?
 - A. He/she will rest when they become tired and take frequent breaks during play
 - B. He/she will drink more fluids during play
 - C. If pain or any discomfort starts, he/she will not practice or play, and will seek comfort/ treatment as needed
 - D. A, B, and C

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- 4. Your child wants to try out for a team sport this year. You have already talked specifically about **your child's** sickle cell disease with your hematology doctors and nurses and they have given your child written permission to play as long as he/she follows certain "rules". In which of the following sports might it be okay for your child to participate?
 - A. Football
 - B. Swimming
 - C. Baseball
 - D. B and C
- 5. A child with a sickle cell disease:
 - A. Cannot make good grades in school and will not be able to participate in most school activities
 - B. Can do well in school and participate in most activities with some restrictions
 - C. Can play football in school without restrictions
 - A. Will not do well in classes and should not attend school
- 6. What are some common signs of pneumonia and/ or acute chest syndrome (ACS)?
 - A. Fever, frequent cough, fast breathing, chest pain
 - B. Dizziness, headache, loss of vision
 - C. Easy bruising, nosebleeds, poor appetite
 - D. Decreased urination, sunken eyes, vomiting
- 7. A child with sickle cell disease who thinks they may have pneumonia or are experiencing "chest syndrome" should: (Choose the BEST answer)
 - A. Wait to see if they feel better before calling the doctor
 - B. Drink more fluids ONLY
 - C. Take some cough medicine and lie down to rest
 - D. Call and make an appointment to be worked in immediately to see your primary care physician or go to the emergency room
- 8. Which type of infection commonly affects children with sickle cell disease?
 - A. Urinary tract infection
 - B. Stomach virus
 - C. Pneumonia
 - D. Sinus infection



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- 9. Patients with which type of sickle cell disease are **LEAST LIKELY** to experience acute chest syndrome (ACS)?
 - A. Hemoglobin SS disease
 - B. Hemoglobin S Beta O Thalassemia
 - C. Hemoglobin SC disease
 - D. Hemoglobin S Beta + Thalassemia
- 10. Treatment for pneumonia and/ or acute chest syndrome (ASC) may include:
 - A. Abdominal ultrasound and possible surgery
 - B. Transcranial Doppler (TCD) and neuropsychological testing
 - C. Drawing blood cultures, chest x-ray, oxygen, and antibiotics
 - D. Warm soaks, Tylenol, rest, and extra fluids

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CHILDREN'S HEALTH SYSTEM[®]

Test Code 07D

Seventh Visit Posttest **ANSWER KEY**

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